

**Representation Theory**  
**Exam 2016/17**

1. Determine the Auslander-Reiten-quiver of the path algebra  $\Lambda$  given by the quiver

$$1 \longrightarrow 2 \longleftarrow 3 \longrightarrow 4$$

(hint: there are 10 indecomposables!) (6 points)

Furthermore,

- (a) write down the almost split sequence starting at  $P_3$ .
- (b) Is there an indecomposable module  $M$  such that  $\dim \text{Hom}(P_3, M) > 1$ ?
- (c) What is the maximal length of an indecomposable module?
- (d) Is there a non-split short exact sequence  $0 \rightarrow P_3 \rightarrow X \rightarrow I_4 \rightarrow 0$ ? (8 points)

2. Let  $\mathbf{k}$  be a field and consider the path algebra  $\mathbf{k}\widetilde{\mathbb{A}}_1$ , where  $\widetilde{\mathbb{A}}_1$  is the quiver

$$1 \begin{array}{c} \curvearrowright \\ \curvearrowleft \end{array} 2 .$$

Write down the representations of the indecomposable projective modules  $P_1$  and  $P_2$ . Moreover, for  $\lambda \in \mathbf{k}^*$ , consider the representation

$$V_\lambda = \mathbf{k} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{1} \\ \xrightarrow{\lambda} \end{array} \mathbf{k} .$$

At the level of representations, write down an injective map  $f: P_2 \rightarrow P_1$  such that  $\text{Coker } f = V_\lambda$ . (5 points)

3. Let  $\Lambda$  be a finite-dimensional algebra over an algebraically closed field.
- (a) Give the definition of a left almost split morphism. (2 points)
  - (b) Let  $M, N \in \Lambda\text{-mod}$  and  $f: M \rightarrow N$  be left almost split. Show that  $M$  is indecomposable. (4 points)
4. Let  $R$  be a ring with Jacobson radical  $J$ , and let  $S$  be a simple left  $R$ -module.
- (a) Show that there is a left ideal  $I$  of  $R$  such that  $S \cong R/I$ . (2 points)
  - (b) Deduce that  $J \cdot S = 0$ . (3 points)