## Systems Design Laboratory

## Traffic Lights

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## General Context



Main components:

- Two Red-Green Traffic Lights.
- A yellow car stream
- A blue car stream


## Traffic Lights



Each traffic light operates in two possible ways:

- Red Light
- Green Light


## Yellow Car Stream

## Left/gone



## Bridge

Right


- A stream of single yellow cars going left to right
- When a car has green light, it can enter the bridge
- Once entered the bridge, the car can exit
- Once exited the bridge, the car can proceed disappearing from the right road segment with a new one appearing on the left
- Beside traffic light synchronization, there is no control on the entering/exiting the bridge of a car


## Blue Car Stream



- A stream of single blue cars going right to left
- When a car has green light, it can enter the bridge
- Once entered the bridge, the car can exit
- Once exited the bridge, the car can proceed disappearing from the left road segment with a new one appearing on the right
- Beside traffic light synchronization, there is no control on the entering/exiting the bridge of a car


## Traffic Light Automata



- States?
- Transitions?
- Event Controllability?


## Traffic Light Automata



Automaton for Traffic Light 1
Automaton for Traffic Light 2


States:

- $R_{1}=$ Traffic Light 1 is red
- $G_{1}=$ Traffic Light 1 is green

Events:

- green $_{1}=$ Traffic Light 1 turns green
- red $_{1}=$ Traffic Light 1 turns red

States:

- $R_{2}=$ Traffic Light 2 is red
- $G_{2}=$ Traffic Light 2 is green

Events:

- green $_{2}=$ Traffic Light 2 turns green
- red $_{2}=$ Traffic Light 2 turns red


## Stream of Cars Automata



- States?
- Transitions?
- Event controllability?


## Car Stream Automata



Automaton for Yellow Car Stream


- $Y_{L}:$ Yellow car is on the left
- $Y_{B}$ : Yellow car is on the bridge
- $Y_{R}$ : Yellow car is on the right
- $R_{1} / G_{1}$ : Traffic Light 1 is red/green

Automaton for Blue Car Stream


- $B_{L}$ : Blue car is on the left
- $B_{B}$ : Blue car is on the bridge
- $B_{R}$ : Blue car is on the right
- $R_{2} / G_{2}$ : Traffic Light 2 is red/green

Conceptually the states are pairs (Car Position, Traffic Light Status)

## Yellow Car Stream Usecase Example

Traffic Light 1 is red. Yellow car can't enter the bridge

## Blue Car Stream Usecase Example



## Requirement 1

Requirement 1: Traffic Lights must not be simultaneously green


- States?
- Transitions?
- Event controllability?
(Recall that once a vehicle has green light, we can't prevent it from entering the bridge)


## Requirement 1 - Attempt 1

Requirement 1: Traffic Lights must not be simultaneously green


Step 1:
Traffic Light 1 || Traffic Light 2

## Requirement 1 - Attempt 1

Requirement 1: Traffic Lights must not be simultaneously green


Step 2
Remove the state $\left\{G_{1}, G_{2}\right\}$

## Requirement 1 - Attempt 1

Requirement 1: Traffic Lights must not be simultaneously green


Correct requirement.
Can we avoid starting from
Traffic Light 1 || Traffic Light 2?

## Requirement 1 - Attempt 2

Requirement 1: Traffic Lights must not be simultaneously green


1A) Traffic Light 1 can turn green only if Traffic Light 2 is red

1B) Traffic Light 2 can turn green only if Traffic Light 1 is red

## Requirement 1 - Attempt 2 - Decomposition

Requirement 1: Traffic Lights must not be simultaneously green


1A) Traffic Light 1 can turn green only if Traffic Light 2 is red green $_{1}$


1B) Traffic Light 2 can turn green only if Traffic Light 1 is red green $_{2}$


## Automata for $R_{1}$ - Summary of Equivalent Versions

Version

Homework: check if the parallel composition of the two automata in Version 2 results in the automaton of Version 1.

## Problem

Yet, car crashes are not completely avoided even if both traffic lights are prevented from turning simultaneously green


Can you spot the problem?

## An Unforeseen Scenario



## Requirement 2

Requirement 2: A Traffic Light can turn green only if there is no car on the bridge coming from the opposite direction


Traffic Light 2 cannot turn green


Traffic Light 2 can turn green
(Blue car)


Traffic Light 1 cannot turn green


Traffic Light 1 can turn green

## Requirement 2

Requirement 2: A Traffic Light can turn green only if there is no car on the bridge coming from the opposite direction


## Requirement 2

Requirement 2: A Traffic Light can turn green only if there is no car on the bridge coming from the opposite direction


2A) Traffic Light 2 can turn green only if there is no yellow car on the bridge


2B) Traffic Light 1 can turn green only if there is no blue car on the bridge

## Requirement 2 - Decomposition

Requirement 2: A Traffic Light can turn green only if there is no car on the bridge coming from the opposite direction


2A) Traffic Light 2 can turn green only if there is no yellow car on the bridge

2B) Traffic Light 1 can turn green only if there is no blue car on the bridge


## Requirement 2

Requirement 2: A Traffic Light can turn green only if there is no car on the bridge coming from the opposite direction


Question: Does $R_{2}$ in isolation guarantees to avoid car crashes?

## Is $R_{2}$ enough to avoid car crashed?

Requirement 2: A Traffic Light can turn green only if there is no car on the bridge coming from the opposite direction

Question: Does $R_{2}$ in isolation guarantees to avoid car crashes?

| $G \\| R_{2}$ | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Traffic Light 1 turns green |  |
|  | Traffic Light 2 turns green |  |
|  | Bellow car enters the bridge |  |
|  |  | Blue car enters the bridge |

No! Since $R_{1}$ does not hold, we can turn green both traffic lights before having cars on the bridge (and the problem is still there).

## Alternative to Requirements 1 and 2: Right or wrong?

Instead of having $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$. Consider this requirement.

Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.


Does this requirement have the same effect on the plant of requirements 1 and 2 together?

## Requirements $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ - Attempt 1

Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.


Such a requirement should:

- no longer be designed from copies of traffic lights
- reasonably be designed from the combinations of car positions


## Requirements $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ - Attempt 1

Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.


Step 1: Compute the parallel composition of the car stream automata. Mark all states.

$6 \times 6=36$ states, 132 transitions. Why so big? What kind of composition is it?

## Requirements $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ - Attempt 1

Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.


Step 2: Find all states where a yellow and a blue car are on the bridge together.


Clearly 4 states. Why?

## Alternative to Requirements 1 and 2: Right or wrong?

Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.


Step 3: Remove those illegal states.


Final requirement: $\mathbf{3 2}$ states, 112 transitions.

## Alternative to Requirements 1 and 2: Right or wrong?

Question: $G\left\|R_{1}\right\| R_{2} \equiv G \| R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ ?

| $G\left\\|R_{1}\right\\| R_{2}$ | $G \\| R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Traffic Light 1 turns green |
|  |  | Yellow car enters the bridge |
|  |  | Traffic Light 1 turns red |
|  |  | Yellow car exits the bridge |
|  |  | Traffic Light 2 turns green |
|  |  | Blue car enters the bridge |
|  |  | Blue car exits the bridge |
| Disabled by $R_{1}$ |  | Traffic Light 1 turns green |

Wrong! $G\left\|R_{1}\right\| R_{2} \not \equiv G \| R_{1,2}^{\prime}$. The problem is that $R_{1}$ does not hold in $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$.
Homework: find other usecases (i.e., executions, traces) violating $R_{1}$.

## Essentiality of $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$

Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.

| Usecase 1 | Usecase 2 | Usecase 3 | Usecase 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |



Can we simplify it?

## Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ - Attempt 2

Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.

| Usecase 1 | Usecase 2 | Usecase 3 | Usecase 4 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ | $\square 5$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |



## Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ - Attempt 2

Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.

| Usecase 1 | Usecase 2 | Usecase 3 | Usecase 4 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |



## Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ - Attempt 2

Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.

| Usecase 1 | Usecase 2 | Usecase 3 | Usecase 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |



Correct. Can we avoid starting
from the concurrent behavior of "on/off bridge" automata?

## Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ - Attempt 3 - Decomposition

Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.

$R_{1,2}^{\prime} A$ ) A yellow car can enter the bridge only if there is no blue car on it
$\left.R_{1,2}^{\prime} B\right)$ A blue car can enter the bridge only if there is no yellow car on it

## Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ - Attempt 3

Requirement $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.

| Usecase 1 | Usecase 2 | Usecase 3 | Usecase 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |

$\left.R_{1,2}^{\prime} A\right)$ A yellow car can enter the bridge only if there is no blue car on it

$\left.R_{1,2}^{\prime} B\right)$ A blue car can enter the bridge only if there is no yellow car on it


## Automata for $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ - Summary of Equivalent Versions

| Version | Automaton | Modeling Intuition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Version 1 |  | From a modified copy of YellowCarStream \|| BlueCarStream |
| Version 2 |  | From a modification of "On/Off bridge" automaton for yellow and blue cars (concurrent) |
| Version 3 |  | From a modification of "On/Off bridge" automaton for yellow and blue cars (in isolation) |

Homework: note the modeling similarities of $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ (version 2) with $R_{1}$ (version 1);
of $R_{1,2}^{\prime}$ (version 3) with $R_{1}$ (version 2) and $R_{2}$.

## Requirement 3

Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.

If Traffic Light 1 turns green first

$\Downarrow$
If Traffic Light 2 turns green first

$\Downarrow$

## Requirement 3 - Attempt 1

Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.

If Traffic Light 1 turns green first


$$
\Downarrow
$$

Requirement $R_{3 A}$


If Traffic Light 2 turns green first


$$
\Downarrow
$$

Requirement $R_{3 B}$


Not certaintly an AND of the two automata. We need the UNION of these two automata.

## Requirement 3 - Attempt 1 - Nondeterministic

Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.

If Traffic Light 1 turns green first


If Traffic Light 2 turns green first

Requirement $R_{3 A}$ Requirement $R_{3 B}$

Homework: synthesize a supervisor that (also) takes into consideration requirement $R_{3 A} \wedge R_{3 B}$. What effect does it have on the plant?

## Requirement 3 - Attempt 1 - Nondeterministic

Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.

If Traffic Light 1 turns green first

$\Downarrow$

NFA


If Traffic Light 2 turns green first


```
\Downarrow
```

...

## DFA



## Requirement 3 - Attempt 2 - Deterministic

Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.

3A) If Traffic Light 1 turns green, then Traffic Light 2 must turn green at least once before Traffic Light 1 turns green again.

3B) Whenever Traffic Light 2 turns green, then Traffic Light 1 must turn green at least once before Traffic Light 2 turns green again.

If Traffic Light $i=1,2$ turns green, then Traffic Light (i mod 2) +1 must turn green at least once before Traffic Light $i$ turns green again.

## Requirement 3 - Attempt 2 - Deterministic

Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.

$$
\Downarrow
$$

3A) If Traffic Light 1 turns green, then Traffic Light 2 must turn green at least once before Traffic Light 1 turns green again.


3B) Whenever Traffic Light 2 turns green, then Traffic Light 1 must turn green at least once before Traffic Light

2 turns green again.


If Traffic Light $i=1,2$ turns green, then Traffic Light $(i \bmod 2)+1$ must turn green at least once before Traffic Light $i$ turns green again.

## Requirement 3 - Attempt 3 - Deterministic

Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.

1 automaton only? (3 states)

## Requirement 3 - Attempt 3 - Deterministic

Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.


## Requirement 4

Requirement 4: Whenever Traffic Light 1 turns green, then 2 to 4 yellow cars traverse (i.e., exit) the bridge before Traffic Light 1 turns red again


Traffic Light 1 cannot turn red

Traffic Light 1 can turn red



Traffic Light 1 can turn red


Traffic Light 1 must turn red

What about the automaton?

## Requirement 4

Requirement 4: Whenever Traffic Light 1 turns green, then 2 to 4 yellow cars traverse (i.e., exit) the bridge before Traffic Light 1 turns red again


## Requirement 5

Requirement 5: Whenever Traffic Light 2 turns green, then 1 to 3 blue cars traverse (i.e., exit) the bridge before Traffic Light 2 turns red again


Traffic Light 2 can turn red

Traffic Light 2 can turn red
3rd car


Traffic Light 2 must turn red

What about this automaton?

## Requirement 5

Requirement 5: If Traffic Light 2 turns green, then $\mathbf{1}$ to $\mathbf{3}$ blue cars traverse (i.e., exit) the bridge before Traffic Light 2 turns red again


