# Systems Design Laboratory

Traffic Lights

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#### Main components:

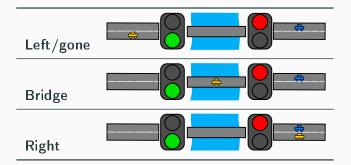
- Two Red-Green Traffic Lights.
- A yellow car stream
- A blue car stream



Each traffic light operates in two possible ways:

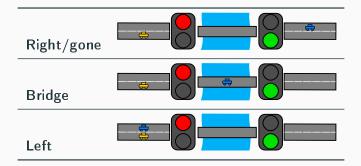
- Red Light
- Green Light

## Yellow Car Stream



- A stream of single yellow cars going left to right
- When a car has green light, it can enter the bridge
- Once entered the bridge, the car can exit
- Once exited the bridge, the car can proceed disappearing from the right road segment with a new one appearing on the left
- Beside traffic light synchronization, there is no control on the entering/exiting the bridge of a car

## Blue Car Stream



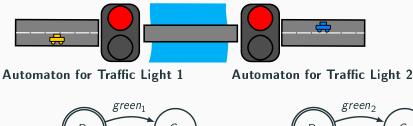
- A stream of single blue cars going right to left
- When a car has green light, it can enter the bridge
- Once entered the bridge, the car can exit
- Once exited the bridge, the car can proceed disappearing from the left road segment with a new one appearing on the right
- Beside traffic light synchronization, there is no control on the entering/exiting the bridge of a car

# **Traffic Light Automata**



- States?
- Transitions?
- Event Controllability?

# **Traffic Light Automata**



start  $\rightarrow$   $R_1$   $G_1$   $G_1$ 

start  $\rightarrow$   $R_2$   $G_2$   $G_2$ 

States:

- $R_1 =$  Traffic Light 1 is red
- G<sub>1</sub> = Traffic Light 1 is green

Events:

- green<sub>1</sub> = Traffic Light 1 turns green
- red<sub>1</sub> = Traffic Light 1 turns red

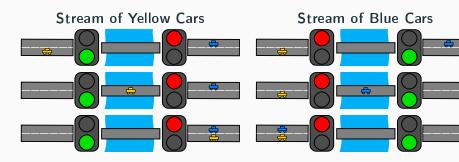
States:

- $R_2 =$ Traffic Light 2 is red
- $G_2 = \text{Traffic Light 2 is green}$

#### Events:

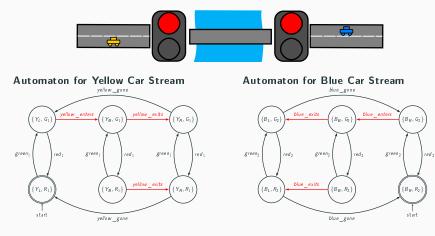
- green<sub>2</sub> = Traffic Light 2 turns green
- red<sub>2</sub> = Traffic Light 2 turns red

## Stream of Cars Automata



- States?
- Transitions?
- Event controllability?

## Car Stream Automata



- Y<sub>L</sub>: Yellow car is on the left
- Y<sub>B</sub>: Yellow car is on the bridge
- $Y_R$ : Yellow car is on the right
- R<sub>1</sub>/G<sub>1</sub>: Traffic Light 1 is red/green

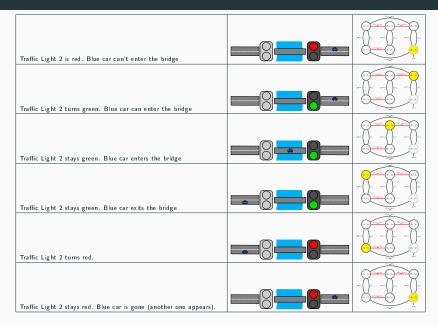
- *B<sub>L</sub>*: Blue car is on the left
- B<sub>B</sub>: Blue car is on the bridge
- $B_R$ : Blue car is on the right
- R<sub>2</sub>/G<sub>2</sub>: Traffic Light 2 is red/green

Conceptually the states are pairs (Car Position, Traffic Light Status)

## Yellow Car Stream Usecase Example



## Blue Car Stream Usecase Example



#### Requirement 1: Traffic Lights must not be simultaneously green



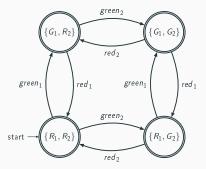
- States?
- Transitions?
- Event controllability?

(Recall that once a vehicle has green light, we can't prevent it from entering the bridge)

## Requirement 1 - Attempt 1

Requirement 1: Traffic Lights must not be simultaneously green



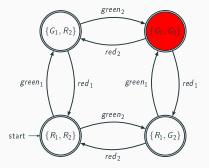


Step 1: Traffic Light 1 || Traffic Light 2

## Requirement 1 - Attempt 1

Requirement 1: Traffic Lights must not be simultaneously green



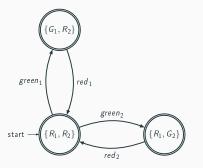




## Requirement 1 - Attempt 1

Requirement 1: Traffic Lights must not be simultaneously green





Correct requirement.

Can we avoid starting from Traffic Light 1 || Traffic Light 2?

#### Requirement 1: Traffic Lights must not be simultaneously green



1A) Traffic Light 1 can turn green only if Traffic Light 2 is red

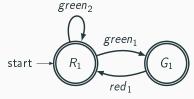
1B) Traffic Light 2 can turn green only if Traffic Light 1 is red

## Requirement 1 - Attempt 2 - Decomposition

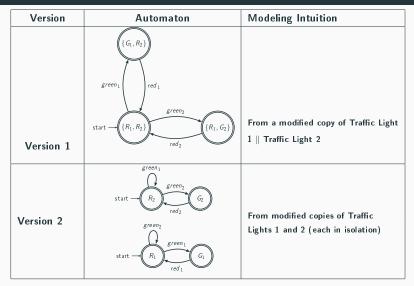
Requirement 1: Traffic Lights must not be simultaneously green



1A) Traffic Light 1 can turn green only if Traffic Light 2 is red  $green_1$ start  $R_2$  $red_2$  1B) Traffic Light 2 can turn green only if Traffic Light 1 is red



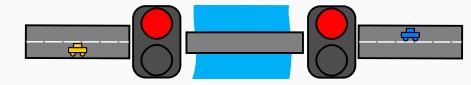
## Automata for R<sub>1</sub> - Summary of Equivalent Versions



Homework: check if the parallel composition of the two automata in Version 2 results in the automaton of Version 1.

#### Problem

Yet, car crashes are not completely avoided even if both traffic lights are prevented from turning simultaneously green

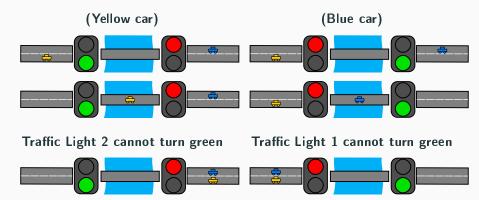


Can you spot the problem?

Traffic Light 1 turns green	
Yellow car enters the bridge	
Traffic Light 1 turns red	
Traffic Light 2 turns green	
Blue car enters the bridge	

## **Requirement 2**

Requirement 2: A Traffic Light can turn green only if there is no car on the bridge coming from the opposite direction



Traffic Light 2 can turn green

Traffic Light 1 can turn green

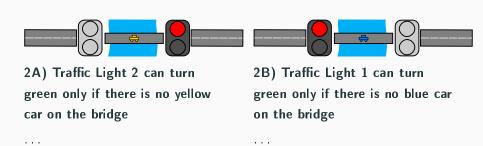
Requirement 2: A Traffic Light can turn green only if there is no car on the bridge coming from the opposite direction



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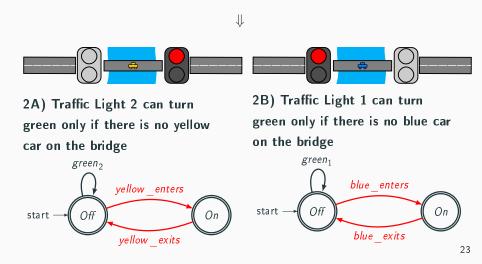
Requirement 2: A Traffic Light can turn green only if there is no car on the bridge coming from the opposite direction

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## **Requirement 2 - Decomposition**

Requirement 2: A Traffic Light can turn green only if there is no car on the bridge coming from the opposite direction



Requirement 2: A Traffic Light can turn green only if there is no car on the bridge coming from the opposite direction



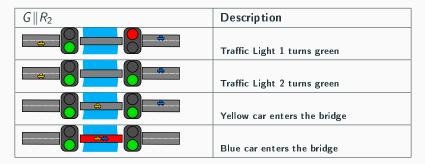
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Question: Does R<sub>2</sub> in isolation guarantees to avoid car crashes?

## Is $R_2$ enough to avoid car crashed?

Requirement 2: A Traffic Light can turn green only if there is no car on the bridge coming from the opposite direction

Question: Does R<sub>2</sub> in isolation guarantees to avoid car crashes?



No! Since  $R_1$  does not hold, we can turn green both traffic lights before having cars on the bridge (and the problem is still there).

Instead of having  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ . Consider this requirement.

Requirement  $R'_{1,2}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.



Does this requirement have the same effect on the plant of requirements 1 and 2 together?

## Requirements $R'_{1,2}$ - Attempt 1

Requirement  $R'_{1,2}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.



Such a requirement should:

- no longer be designed from copies of traffic lights
- reasonably be designed from the combinations of car positions

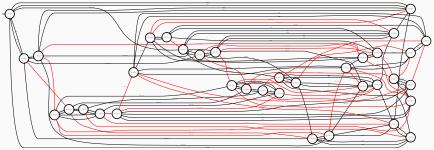
## Requirements $R'_{1,2}$ - Attempt 1

Requirement  $R'_{1,2}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.









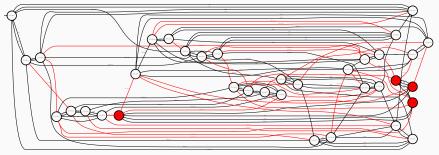
 $6 \times 6 = 36$  states, 132 transitions. Why so big? What kind of composition is it?

# Requirements $R'_{1,2}$ - Attempt 1

Requirement  $R'_{1,2}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.



Step 2: Find all states where a yellow and a blue car are on the bridge together.



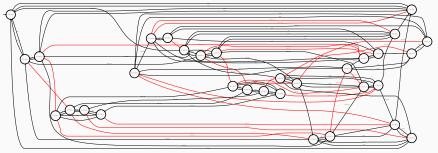
Clearly 4 states. Why?

# Alternative to Requirements 1 and 2: Right or wrong?

# Requirement $R'_{1,2}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.

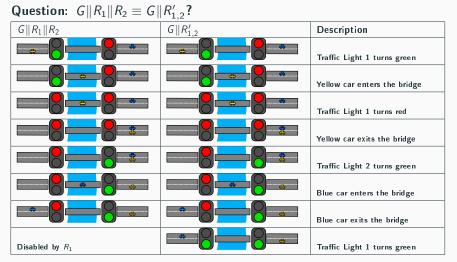
Usecase 1	Usecase 2	Usecase 3	Usecase 4

Step 3: Remove those illegal states.



Final requirement: 32 states, 112 transitions.

# Alternative to Requirements 1 and 2: Right or wrong?



Wrong!  $G ||R_1||R_2 \neq G ||R'_{1,2}$ . The problem is that  $R_1$  does not hold in  $R'_{1,2}$ .

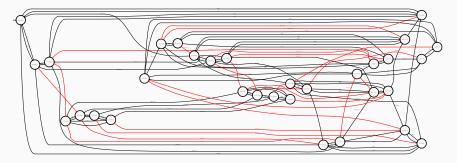
Homework: find other usecases (i.e., executions, traces) violating  $R_1$ .

# Essentiality of $R'_{1,2}$

Requirement  $R'_{1,2}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on

#### the bridge simultaneously.



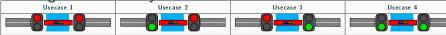


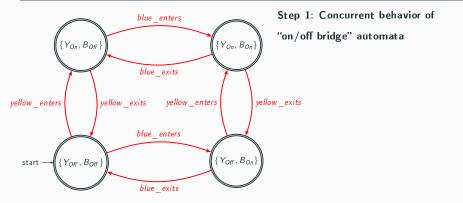
Can we simplify it?

# Requirement $R'_{1,2}$ - Attempt 2

Requirement  $R'_{1,2}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on

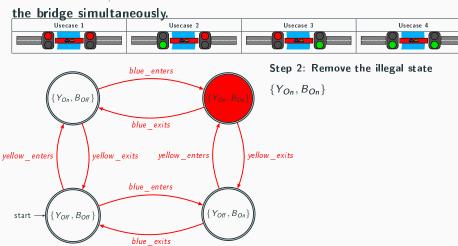
#### the bridge simultaneously.





# Requirement $R'_{1,2}$ - Attempt 2

Requirement  $R'_{1,2}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on

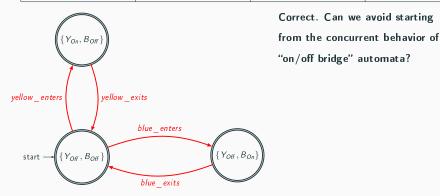


# Requirement $R'_{1,2}$ - Attempt 2

Requirement  $R'_{1,2}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on

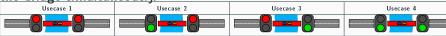
#### the bridge simultaneously.





# Requirement $R'_{1,2}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on

#### the bridge simultaneously.



. . .

 $R'_{1,2}A$ ) A yellow car can enter the bridge only if there is no blue car on it

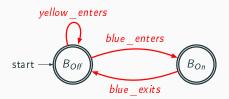
 $R'_{1,2}B$ ) A blue car can enter the bridge only if there is no yellow car on it

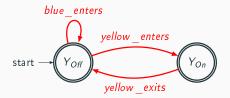
1.1.1

Requirement  $R'_{1,2}$ : There are never a yellow car and a blue car on the bridge simultaneously.



 $R'_{1,2}A$ ) A yellow car can enter the bridge only if there is no blue car on it  $R'_{1,2}B$ ) A blue car can enter the bridge only if there is no yellow car on it





# Automata for $R'_{1,2}$ - Summary of Equivalent Versions

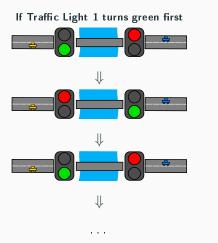
Version	Automaton	Modeling Intuition
Version 1		From a modified copy of Yellow- CarStream∥BlueCarStream
Version 2	$yeliaw_envis$	From a modification of "On/Off bridge" automaton for yellow and blue cars (concurrent)
Version 3	blu e_enters st art - Born yellow_exits blu e_enters st art - Yon yellow_exits st art - Yon yellow_exits	From a modification of "On/Off bridge" automaton for yellow and blue cars (in isolation)

Homework: note the modeling similarities of  $R'_{1,2}$  (version 2) with  $R_1$  (version 1);

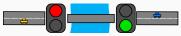
of  $R'_{1,2}$  (version 3) with  $R_1$  (version 2) and  $R_2$ .

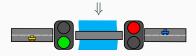
## **Requirement 3**

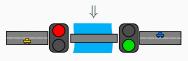
Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.



#### If Traffic Light 2 turns green first





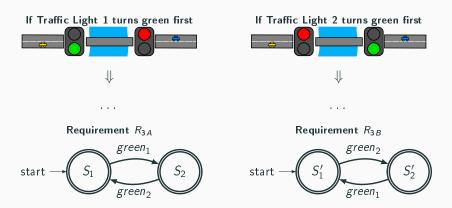


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. . . .

### Requirement 3 - Attempt 1

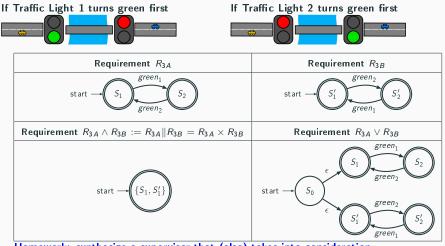
Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.



Not certaintly an AND of the two automata. We need the UNION of these two automata.

# Requirement 3 - Attempt 1 - Nondeterministic

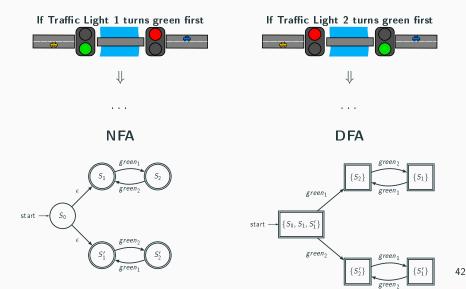
#### Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.



Homework: synthesize a supervisor that (also) takes into consideration requirement  $R_{3A} \wedge R_{3B}$ . What effect does it have on the plant?

# Requirement 3 - Attempt 1 - Nondeterministic

Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.



#### Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.

3A) If Traffic Light 1 turns green, then Traffic Light 2 must turn green at least once before Traffic Light 1 turns green again. 3B) Whenever Traffic Light 2 turns green, then Traffic Light 1 must turn green at least once before Traffic Light 2 turns green again.

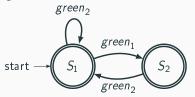
If Traffic Light i = 1, 2 turns green, then Traffic Light  $(i \mod 2) + 1$  must turn green at least once before Traffic Light i turns green again.

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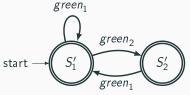
### Requirement 3 - Attempt 2 - Deterministic

#### Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.

3A) If Traffic Light 1 turns green, then Traffic Light 2 must turn green at least once before Traffic Light 1 turns green again.



3B) Whenever Traffic Light 2 turnsgreen, then Traffic Light 1 must turngreen at least once before Traffic Light2 turns green again.



If Traffic Light i = 1, 2 turns green, then Traffic Light  $(i \mod 2) + 1$  must turn green at least once before Traffic Light i turns green again.

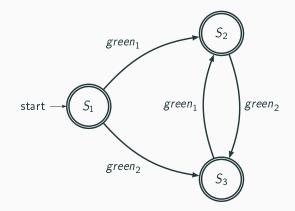
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Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.

1 automaton only? (3 states)

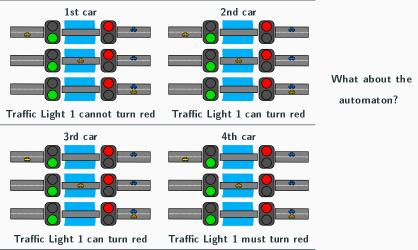
### Requirement 3 - Attempt 3 - Deterministic

Requirement 3: Green Lights must alternate.



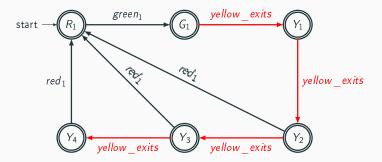
# **Requirement 4**

Requirement 4: Whenever Traffic Light 1 turns green, then 2 to 4 yellow cars traverse (i.e., exit) the bridge before Traffic Light 1 turns red again



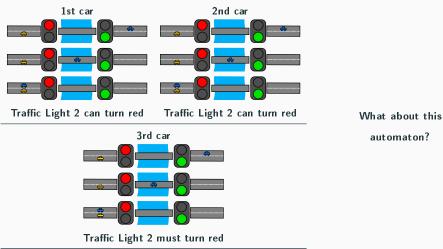
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Requirement 4: Whenever Traffic Light 1 turns green, then 2 to 4 yellow cars traverse (i.e., exit) the bridge before Traffic Light 1 turns red again



## **Requirement 5**

Requirement 5: Whenever Traffic Light 2 turns green, then 1 to 3 blue cars traverse (i.e., exit) the bridge before Traffic Light 2 turns red again



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Requirement 5: If Traffic Light 2 turns green, then 1 to 3 blue cars traverse (i.e., exit) the bridge before Traffic Light 2 turns red again

